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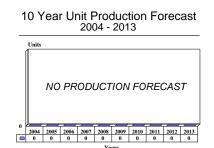
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Airbus Industrie A310 - Archived 4/2004

Outlook

- None sold in last five years, no further production forecast
- Five-unit Iraqi Airways order still on books but suspect
- Some demand for used A310s for MRTT and cargo conversions



Orientation

Description. Twin-engine, medium/long-range, wide-body commercial transport.

Sponsors. The governments of France, Great Britain, Germany, and Spain.

Contractors. GIE Airbus Industrie, Blagnac (Toulouse), France. This is a consortium consisting of Aerospatiale (37.9 percent), Deutsche Airbus (37.9 percent), British Aerospace (20 percent), and CASA (4.2 percent). Fokker of the Netherlands and Belairbus of Belgium are associate members of the consortium.

Status. None produced since 2000.

Total Produced. Deliveries totaled 255. Total orders stated at 260 but includes five for Iraqi Airways which may well have lapsed.

Application. Medium/long-range, medium- and high-density routes, scheduled passenger transportation.

Price Range. Approximately \$88 million in 2004 U.S. dollars.

Contractors

Technical Data

(A310-200/300)

Design Features. Low-swept-wing design derived from A300 but incorporates several advanced systems for improved reliability and cost/weight reductions. A

Forward-Facing Crew Cockpit (FFCC) utilizing digital avionics and cathode ray tube displays gives the flight crew operational and systems performance parameters.



		<u>Metric</u>	<u>US</u>	
Dimensions				
Length overal	1	46.66 m	153.09 ft	
Height overal	1	15.80 m	51.84 ft	
Wingspan		43.90 m	144.03 ft	
Cabin width		5.28 m	17.33 ft	
Cabin length		33.24 m	109.06 ft	
Weight				
Max operating	g, empty	76,803/80,451 kg	169,320/177,362 lb	
Max payload		34,210/34,014 kg	75,420/74,987 lb	
Max take-off	weight	142,318/164,000 kg	313,100/361,554 lb	
Capacities				
Max fuel ^(a)		62,200/68,300 liters	16,432/18,043 gal	
Cargo volume	;	102.1 cu m	3,606 cu ft	
Performance				
Range, 218 pa	assengers	7,172/9,933 km	3,870/5,360 nm	
L/R cruise speed ^(b)		828 km/h	447 kt	
Propulsion				
A310-200	(2)	GE Aircraft Engines CF6-80A two-spool, high-bypass turbofan engines. Ratings: CF6-80A1, 209.01 kN (46,990 lbst); -80A3, 217.81 kN (48,970 lbst) each.		
	(2)	Pratt & Whitney JT9D-7R4 two-spool, high JT9D-7R4D1, 213.50 kN (48,000 lbst); -7R4E	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	
A310-300	(2)	GE CF6-80C2 turbofans, rated 249.08-275.77 kN (56,000-62,000 lbst) each.		
	(2)	Pratt & Whitney PW4152/4156 turbofans, rated 231.3-249.11 kN (52,000-56,000 lbst) each.		

Seating

Standard arrangement is 210-265 seats at six-, seven-, or eight-abreast. Nine-abreast seating accommodates 280 passengers (76 cm/30 in). A310-300ER is also configured for 179 passengers when flying maximum range.

^(b)At 11,275 m (36,994 ft).



AIRBUS A310

Source: Airbus

⁽a)With tail section fuel.

Variants/Upgrades

<u>A310-200</u>. Initial variant also offered in convertible and freighter versions. Max TOW and range increased to 313,055 pounds and 3,870 nautical miles, respectively.

A310-300. Extended-range variant with strengthened wing areas, landing gear, and drag reducing wing-tip fences. Range with 218 passengers is 9,933 kilometers (5,360 nm) with Pratt & Whitney PW4156 turbofans. MTOW is 164,000 kilograms (361,560 lb). First

deliveries in late 1985. More than 3,090 pounds trimmed from basic airframe to permit higher take-off weight, longer range. The use of carbon brakes yielded a savings of 1,100 pounds; 660 pounds cut by use of improved aluminum alloys in upper wing skins and stringers; 330 pounds saved by use of carbon fiber-reinforced plastic tail fin.

Program Review

Background. The A310 is a direct spin-off from the A300. The proposal was shelved in 1976, a time when the A300 was not selling well. However, expanding the range of the Airbus family continued to generate interest, stimulated to a large extent by the desire of A300 operators to have a longer-range aircraft.

In 1978 Airbus began taking provisional A310 orders prior to a launch decision. Lufthansa led with orders and options for 25 (later expanded to 50), Swissair came in initially for six, and Air France promised to buy at least four. Airbus launched the A310 that same year.

The A310 represents a scaling down of its A300 stablemate. The fuselage was shortened by 13 frames and typically seats about 210 in a mixed class. The major design challenge involved an all-new wing, constructed at the BAE Systems Hatfield facility.

The first two prototypes flew in 1982, powered by JT9D-7R4 engines. The third was powered by the GE CF6-80A3. French and German certification was awarded in March 1983, with UK certification in January 1984. The first aircraft were delivered in March 1983. French and German authorities awarded JAR Category IIIA certification in September 1983.

Funding

The A310 was funded by Airbus members' governments through direct subsidy and/or repayable loans equal to 100 percent of total development cost. Development cost in 1993 dollars was an estimated \$2 billion.

Timetable

Month	Year	Major Development
Early	1970s	A310 originally proposed as A300B10
Sep	1976	Project shelved
Oct	1976	Project restarted
Jul	1978	German and French governments authorize program go-ahead
Jan	1979	UK rejoins Airbus Industrie
Early	1979	Formal contracts, official launch decision
Apr	1982	Prototype first flight
Mar	1983	A310 certificated
Apr	1983	Service entry
Apr	1983	Formal A310-300 launch order
Dec	1985	A310-300 certification, initial deliveries
Late	1986	PW4000-powered A310-300 flies
Mid	1987	Certification of PW4000-powered A310-300
	2000	Final deliveries



Worldwide Distribution

See Airline Inventories appendix.

Forecast Rationale

The A310 logged its last sale six years ago and none has been delivered in nearly four years. Airbus still carries a five-unit Iraqi Airways order on its books but the status of that sale is suspect, to say the least. We are not forecasting additional production for that or any other customer.

Used A310s are enjoying some demand for conversion to all-cargo configurations and for use as military Multi-Role Tanker/Transport (MRTT) platforms, but these projects will not result in a production re-start.

Consequently, no additional A310s are forecast.

Ten-Year Outlook

ESTIMATED CALENDAR YEAR PRODUCTION High Confidence **Good Confidence** Speculative Total Aircraft (Engine) thru 03 05 09 04-13 06 07 08 AIRBUS (Consortium) A310-200 A310-200 CF6-80A1 0 0 0 n 0 JT9D-7R4 37 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 0 CF6-80C2 A310-300 A310-300 JT9D-7R4 14 0 n O 0 0 0 0 O n 0 0 PW4152/4156 Total Production

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